

# Los Angeles County EMS Agency

## Ref. No. 806.1, PROCEDURES PRIOR TO BASE CONTACT

Prior to base hospital contact, paramedics may utilize the following treatment protocols:

GENERAL ALS	ALTERED LOC
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Basic airway/high flow O<sub>2</sub> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BVM &amp; advanced airway prn</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Cardiac monitor/document rhythm prn</li> <li>3. If indicated, perform blood glucose test</li> <li>4. Establish venous access prn</li> <li>5. Pediatric Resuscitation Tape prn</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li>2. Blood glucose (glucometer) administer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dextrose if &lt; 60 or if known diabetic &lt; 80</li> <li><b>Adult:</b> 50ml D50 IV</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0 - 2 years = 2ml/kg D25 IV</li> <li>&gt; 2 years = 1ml/kg D50 IV</li> </ul> </li> <li>If unable to establish IV access, administer Glucagon 1mg IM</li> <li>3. If suspected narcotic OD with hypoventilation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Naloxone prior to advanced airway placement</li> <li><b>Adult:</b> 0.8 - 2mg IV titrate to adequate RR/TV or 2mg IM/IN</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0.1mg/kg IV/IM/IN</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
RESPIRATORY DISTRESS	SHOCK
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li><b>Arrest/Hypoventilation (RR ≤ 8/minute):</b></li> <li>2. If suspected narcotic OD with hypoventilation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Naloxone prior to advanced airway placement</li> <li><b>Adult:</b> 0.8 - 2mg IV titrate to adequate RR/TV or 2mg IM/IN</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0.1mg/kg IV/IM/IN</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. May repeat prn</li> <li><b>Bronchospasm/Wheezing:</b></li> <li>2. Albuterol via hand-held nebulizer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Adult:</b> 5mg</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> &lt;2 years = 2.5mg</li> <li>&gt; 2 years = 5mg</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. May repeat one time prn</li> <li><b>Basilar Rales - Cardiac Origin (Adults Only):</b></li> <li>2. Nitroglycerin (NTG) SL or transmucosal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Systolic blood pressure ≥ 100 = 0.4mg (1 puff)</li> <li>Systolic blood pressure ≥ 150 = 0.8mg (2 puffs)</li> <li>Systolic blood pressure ≥ 200 = 1.2mg (3 puffs)</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. May repeat 2 times prn - based on repeat BP</li> <li>4. Consider CPAP if available - max pressure: 10cmH<sub>2</sub>O.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li>2. Fluid challenge NS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(if basilar rales-cardiogenic shock suspected - TKO)</li> <li><b>Adult:</b> 10ml/kg, assess lung sounds frequently</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 20ml/kg</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. <b>If Anaphylaxis:</b> Epinephrine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Adult:</b> 0.3mg IM (1:1,000)</li> <li>- if severe, administer 0.1mg slow IVP (1:10,000)</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0.01mg/kg IM (1:1,000)</li> <li>(maximum single dose 0.3mg)</li> <li>- if severe, administer 0.01mg/kg slow IVP (1:10,000)</li> <li>(maximum single dose 0.1mg)</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. If suspected tension pneumothorax with systolic blood pressure = ≤ 80 perform needle thoracostomy en route</li> </ol>
CHEST PAIN	PAIN MANAGEMENT
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li><b>Adult:</b></li> <li>2. NTG 0.4mg SL or transmucosal, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>may repeat 2 times every 3 - 5 min. if SBP &gt; 100</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Aspirin 162mg chewable</li> <li>4. 12 Lead ECG for suspected acute cardiac event <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- if ECG = no suspected acute MI, transport to the MAR</li> <li>- if ECG = suspected acute MI, transport to the SRC</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li><b>Isolated Extremity Injury:</b></li> <li>2. Traction/Splints/Dressings prn</li> <li>3. If moderate to severe pain, Morphine: titrate IV to effect <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Adult:</b> 2 - 4mg IV/IM, if SBP &gt;100</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0.1mg/kg IV/IM (maximum single dose: 4mg)</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. May repeat one time prn</li> </ol>
ACTIVE SEIZURE	Burn
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li>2. Midazolam** <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- titrate IV to seizure control</li> <li><b>Adult:</b> 2 - 5mg slow IVP if unable to establish an IV- 5mg IM or IN</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0.1mg/kg IVP</li> <li>or if unable to establish an IV, 0.1mg/kg IM/IN</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. May repeat one time (maximum total pediatric dose: 5mg)</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. If moderate to severe pain, Morphine: titrate IV to effect <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Adult:</b> 2 - 4mg IV/IM, if SBP &gt;100</li> <li><b>Pediatric:</b> 0.1mg/kg IV/IM (maximum single dose: 4mg)</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. May repeat one time prn</li> </ol>
	HAZARDOUS MATERIAL
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General ALS</li> <li>2. If base contact cannot be established, refer to Ref. No. 1134.1, Hazardous Material Treatment Guideline</li> </ol>

effective 6-30-10

\*\* Controlled substances are NOT part of the assessment unit inventory.

**Base hospital contact shall be made following each of the treatment protocol(s). If communication cannot be established, base contact shall be made with a full patient report prior to leaving the receiving facility.**

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Prior to base hospital contact, paramedics may utilize the following treatment protocols:

SYMPTOMATIC BRADYCARDIA	CARDIOPULMONARY ARREST
<p>1. General ALS  <b>Adult HR = <math>\leq</math> 40/minute and SBP <math>\leq</math> 80:</b>  2. Atropine 0.5mg IV  3. If no improvement, TCP  Follow department guidelines  <b>Pediatric HR = <math>&lt;</math> 60/minute</b>  2. Ventilate with BVM @ 100% O2  3. CPR - if HR does not rise above 60/min. with BVM</p>	<p><b>Non-Traumatic</b>  1. BCLS/cardiac monitor  2. <b>If V-Fib/Pulseless VT:</b>  <b>Unwitnessed</b> - 2 minutes CPR then defibrillate  <b>Witnessed</b> - defibrillate and immediately resume CPR for 2 min (5 cycles)  Defibrillation  <b>Adult:</b> biphasic▼ (one time)  - if unknown, use highest setting  <u>monophasic</u> 360J (one time)  <b>Pediatric:</b> 2 J/kg biphasic or monophasic</p>
SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA	<p>3. Venous Access: if IV is not possible, place IO*  If hypovolemia, NS fluid challenge:  <b>Adult:</b> 10ml/kg rapid IV/IO*  <b>Pediatric:</b> 20ml/kg rapid IV/IO*  4. Epinephrine (1:10,000)  (indicated for all pulseless rhythms)  <b>Adult:</b> 1mg IV/IO*  <b>Pediatric:</b> 0.01mg/kg IV/IO*  5. If no conversion, defibrillate and immediately resume CPR for 2 min. (5 cycles)  <b>Adult:</b> see non-traumatic # 2 for defibrillation  <b>Pediatric:</b> 4 J/kg biphasic or monophasic  6. If no conversion, immediately resume CPR  7. <b>If Asystole or PEA <math>&lt;</math> 60</b>  Atropine:  <b>Adult:</b> 1mg IV/IO*  <b>Pediatric:</b> Not Indicated  8. Advanced airway prn: <b>Pediatric:</b> <math>\geq</math> 12 years or <math>\geq</math> 40kg</p>
<p>1. General ALS  <b>Perfusing</b>  <b>Adult:</b>  2. Valsalva maneuver  3. If no conversion, Adenosine 6mg rapid IVP immediately followed by a 10ml bolus  4. If no conversion, Adenosine 12mg rapid IVP immediately followed by a 10ml bolus  <b>Pediatric:</b>  2. Rapid transport  <b>Unconscious or Poor Perfusion</b>  <b>Adult:</b> if IV access is established  2. Adenosine 12 mg rapid IVP - immediately followed by a 10ml bolus  If no conversion, may repeat one time  3. Synchronized Cardioversion en route  100J monophasic or equivalent biphasic▼  4. If no conversion, may repeat one time at 200J monophasic or equivalent biphasic▼  <b>Pediatric:</b>  2. Fluid challenge 20ml/kg one time</p>	<p><b>Traumatic</b>  1. BCLS - maintain spinal immobilization - if indicated  2. Cardiac monitor  <b>If V-Fib/Pulseless VT:</b>  3. Defibrillation  <b>Adult:</b> see non-traumatic cardiac arrest  <b>Pediatric:</b> see non-traumatic cardiac arrest  4. If suspected tension pneumothorax = needle thoracostomy en route  5. Advanced airway prn: <b>Pediatric:</b> <math>\geq</math> 12 years or <math>\geq</math> 40kg  6. Venous access: enroute:  If unable to establish IV access, place IO*  <b>Adult:</b> 10ml/kg or wide open  <b>Pediatric:</b> 20ml/kg</p>
PERFUSING V-TACH WITH PULSES	<p>* If IO is available</p>
UNCONSCIOUS OR POOR PERFUSION V-TACH WITH PULSES	
<p>1. General ALS  2. Rapid transport  <b>UNCONSCIOUS OR POOR PERFUSION V-TACH WITH PULSES</b>  1. General ALS  2. Synchronized Cardioversion:  <b>Adult:</b> 100J monophasic or equivalent biphasic▼  <b>Pediatric:</b> 0.5J/kg monophasic or biphasic  3. If no conversion, may repeat one time en route :  <b>Adult:</b> 200J monophasic or equivalent biphasic▼  <b>Pediatric:</b> 1J/kg monophasic or biphasic  ▼ Adult biphasic: administer according to department or manufacturer's recommendations  - if unknown, use highest setting</p>	

Base hospital contact shall be made following each of the treatment protocol(s). If communication cannot be established, base contact shall be made with a full patient report prior to leaving the receiving facility.